

TIME : 3 HRS

Max. Mark : 100

Part A (10 X 2 = 20)

1. Describe a neat model.
2. Compare analogous and analytical triangulation.
3. Write the working principle of CCD.
4. Give a brief description of RGB Space.
5. What is epipolar geometry?
6. Illustrate a photo coordinate system.
7. List various ways in which the elevation is represented?
8. Describe the advantages of block triangulation.
9. Define scale.
10. What is the effect on Ω on the x,y, z' coordinates of the photoplane?

Part B (5 X 16 = 80)

11. i) What are the different types of scanners? How is scan resolution selected for a particular product?
 12. a. i) What are the different DEM acquisition methods? How is Quality of DEM assured?
(OR)
 - b. i) What is a Zeiss parallelogram? (8)
 - ii) Compare analogous and analytical triangulation? (8)
 13. a. i) List and explain the transformation parameters solved in the relative orientation.
(OR)
 - b. How are the hard ware requirements of photogrammetric system finalized?
 14. a. What are the different ortho data products available?
(OR)
 - b. Make a chart of various activities involved in photogrammetric mapping.
 15. a. How is measurement of fiducial marks done automatically?
(OR)
 - b. Give an exhaustive list of hard and software specification for digital photogrammetric mapping .
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