



**B.E./B.Tech.(Full Time) DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION, NOV/DEC 2012.**  
**COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING BRANCH**  
**SECOND SEMESTER (REGULATIONS 2008)**  
**CS 9152 - DIGITAL PRINCIPLES AND SYSTEM DESIGN**

2

Time: Three hours

Max. Mark : 100

**Answer ALL Questions.**

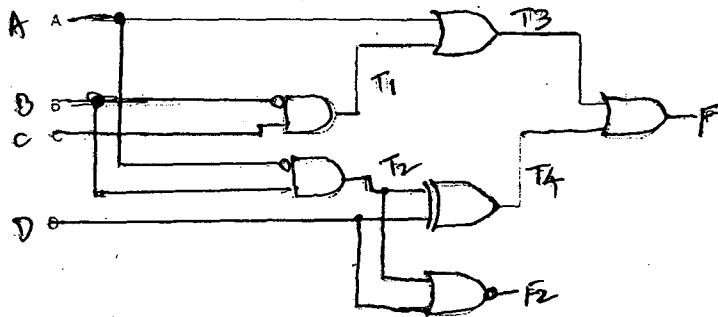
**PART A - ( 10 X 2 = 20 marks)**

1. Given the two binary numbers  $X=1010100$  and  $Y=1000011$ , perform the subtraction  $X-Y$  and  $Y-X$  by using 2's complements.
2. Draw the logic diagram for the following Boolean expression :  $F=XY+X'Y'+Y'Z$
3. What are the differences between combinational and sequential circuits?
4. List the modules of HDL.
5. What is a Priority Encoder?
6. Compare SRAM vs DRAM.
7. Write the characteristic equations for T and JK flip flop.
8. Give the guidelines for state assignment.
9. What is Race condition and Cycle in asynchronous sequential network?
10. List the steps in merging a flow table.

**PART -B ( 5 X 16 = 80 marks)**

11. a) i) Simplify the following Boolean expression to A) Sum-of-product  
B) Product- of- sum using Karnaugh map (10)  
 $F(A,B,C,D)= A'B'+ACD'+ABC+A'B'CD'+B'D$   
ii) Prove the following theorems:  
A.  $X+XY=X$       B.  $X+X=X$       C.  $X+1=1$  (6)
12. a) i) With neat block diagram explain the BCD adder. (8)  
ii) Analyze the following combinational circuit (8)

- A. Derive the Boolean expressions for T1 through T4. Evaluate the outputs F1 and F2 as a function of the four inputs.
- B. Draw the truth table for the circuit.



(OR)

- b) i) A Majority circuit is a combinational circuit whose output is equal to 1 if the input variables have more 1's than 0's. The output is 0 otherwise. Design a 3-input majority circuit. (8)

- ii) Design a 4-bit adder with carry look-ahead. (8)

13. a) i) Implement the following two Boolean functions with a PLA. (8)

$$F(A,B,C) = \sum (0,1,3,4)$$

$$G(A,B,C) = \sum (0,5,6,7)$$

- ii) Write an HDL behavioral description of a 4-bit arithmetic logic unit. The circuit performs two arithmetic and two logic operations that are selected by a 2-bit input. The four operations are add, subtract, AND and OR. (8)

(OR)

- b) i) Implement the following Boolean function with the multiplexer. (8)

$$F(A,B,C,D) = \sum (0,2,5,7,8,11,14)$$

- ii) Design a 5 x 32 decoder by using 3 x 8 decoders and a 2 x 4 decoder. (8)

14. a) i) With neat diagram explain the 4 bit Universal Shift register. (6)

- ii) A sequential circuit has two JK flip-flops A and B and one input x. The circuit is described by the following flip-flop input equations: (10)

$$J_A = x \quad K_A = B'$$

$$J_B = x \quad K_B = A$$

- A. Derive the state equations  $A(t+1)$  and  $B(t+1)$

- B. Draw the state diagram of the circuit.

(OR)

b) i) Design a 3 bit counter using T flip flop (8)

ii) Reduce the state table and graph for the following state table. (8)

Present state	Next state		Present output	
	X=0	X=1	X=0	X=1
a	h	c	1	0
b	c	d	0	1
c	h	b	0	0
d	f	h	0	0
e	c	f	0	1
f	f	g	0	0
g	g	c	1	0
h	a	c	1	0

15. a) i) Discuss the hazards in combinational circuit. (8)

ii) Explain the procedure that must be followed to ensure a race-free state assignment. (8)

(OR)

b) An asynchronous sequential circuit has two internal states ( $Y_1$ ,  $Y_2$ ) and one output ( $Z$ ). The excitation and output functions describing the circuit are (16)

$$Y_1 = X Y_1 + X' Y_2$$

$$Y_2 = X Y_1 + X' Y_2$$

$$Z = Y_1$$

A) Draw the logic diagram of the circuit

B. Derive the transition table and output map

C. Obtain the flow table for the circuit.